Natural History Notes

PHILODRYAS PSAMMOPHIDEA (Günther's green racer) **DIET.** Snakes of the genus *Philodryas* are medium to large bodied species distributed across the countries of Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, and Paraguay (Thomas, 1976). They are considered to be generalist predators, preying upon a wide variety of taxa including birds, mammals, anurans, lizards, and snakes (Funk et al., 2003; Lopez, 2003; Franca & Araujo, 2007; Lopez & Giarudo, 2008; Quinteros-Muñoz et al., 2010; Schalk, 2010). Herein we report a new prey item for *Philodryas psammophidea* from the inter-Andean dry valleys of Bolivia.

On 29 March 2012, a dead adult *P. Psammophidea*, that had been killed by a villager, was found (SVL = 425 mm; TL = 145 mm; sex unknown) in the town of Becerro, Florida Province, Santa Cruz Department, Bolivia (GPS 18° 1'20.12"S, 64°11'19.75" W; datum WGS 84). Upon dissection in the field, the remains of an adult *Pleurodema cinereum* (Anura: Leiuperidae, sex unknown) were found.

Amphibians and reptiles have been reported as constituting the largest part of the diet in other species of Philodryas. However, previous studies have only documented lizards (Franca & Araujo, 2007) and a rodent (Quinteros-Muñoz et al., 2010) in the diet of P. psammophidea. Quinteros-Muñoz et al. (2010) suggested that mammals may constitute a larger part of the diet of P. psammophidea in the inter-Andean valleys of Cochabamba because they are a more abundant as prey species than amphibians or reptiles. Whether or not prey exhibit a similar abundance pattern in this region is unknown, but our report provides support for this species possessing attributes of a generalist predator, similar to other members of its genus.

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